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Thesis Title	The various morphological aspects of the Persian verb.		
Year	1994 AD—1415 AH		
Abstract	<p>The various morphological aspects of the Persian verb it consists of five chapters where the researcher tackles the morphological structure of the verb from a modern linguistic historical developments of the prefixes and suffixes of the verb the conclusions arrived at this study can be summed up as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. most Persian verbs during the middle period (Bahlawi) were originally simple verbs and the number of the compound verbs were less than that of the same era. 2.the Persian verbs in the middle period which seem to have one structure were in fact multi structures morphemes in the Persian language but due to some change they took one from. 3.the similar prefixes which exist in the middle and modern periods were either in the continuous tense (Hame, me) emphatic imperative (bee) negative (ne) or (me) , but in the modern Persian language (hame) was neglected. 4.in all tenses the structure of the Persian verb in the modern period is the same whether it is transitive or intransitive and this structure differs from that of the Persian verb of the middle period in the former it is conjugated by adding the required morphemes to the perfect verb (past) but in the later. 5.the middle period prefix separate pronouns in the Persian verbs are sometimes used in stead of the suffix (joined subject pronouns) to indicate the person. 		